



# The LONGEST HATRED

**An Abridged Timeline of Anti-Jewish  
Oppression from Antiquity to the Present Day**

**CENTER FOR COMBATING ANTISEMITISM VOL 38**

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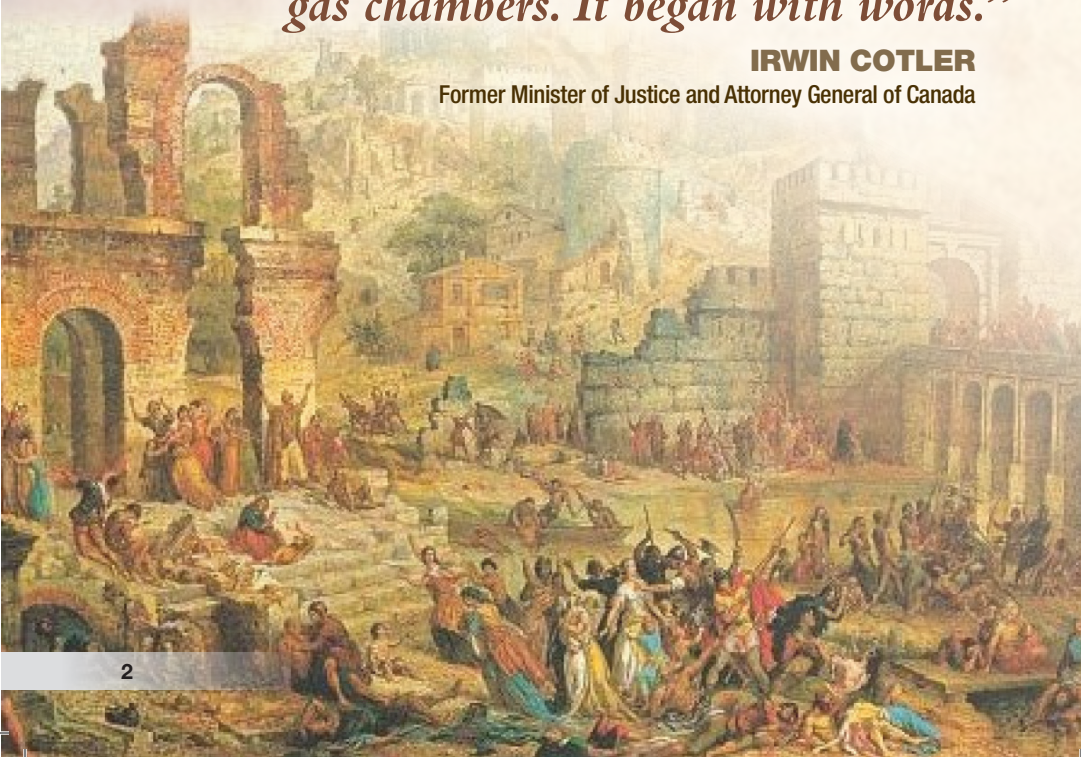
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*“The Holocaust did not begin in the  
gas chambers. It began with words.”*

**IRWIN COTLER**

Former Minister of Justice and Attorney General of Canada







## Introduction

# *What Jews Had to Overcome to Survive and Thrive*

OVER 3,000 YEARS AGO, THE JEWISH PEOPLE developed a unique identity, language, religion, and culture in the land of Israel.

Over time, they were conquered by a series of aggressive foreign empires. While some Jews stayed in their cities and villages in the land of Israel, most gradually scattered across the Middle East and Europe. In various periods and places, they were able to flourish, but for most of the last 1,900 years, they lived as an oppressed minority. They suffered persecution, expulsions, forced conversions, and ultimately genocide.

They barely survived, but they never lost hope. They overcame, surviving and thriving to this day, despite all the suffering they experienced.

The oppression against Jews is generally known as “antisemitism,” a word invented in the 19th century by anti-Jewish racists in Germany. Historian of antisemitism Robert S. Wistrich describes antisemitism as “the longest hatred” in his book by the same name. In this and subsequent books, he painstakingly traces antisemitism (the word that describes anti-Jewish racism) from its origins in antiquity to the present. He traces this toxic ideology from its roots in pagan Rome to the Christian theology that imagined Jews as the “deicide people” for “plotting to kill Christ,” from the Crusader massacres through the Inquisition and the 19th and 20th centuries’ fantasies of Jewish conspiracies for world domination. Other historians have documented anti-Jewish oppression in Islamic lands, including massacres, expulsions, and forced conversions, from the seventh century CE until the present.

Anti-Jewish racism has consequences. It is a short distance from demonizing Jews as the “killers of God” to inciting mobs to commit mass murder of the “deicide people” in “self-defense.”

Historians have documented thousands of instances of mass violence carried out against Jews from antiquity to the present day. The timelines that follow document many of the worst cases of persecution Jews experienced over the last 2,000 years across Europe, the Middle East, and America. These events are not just a reminder that hatred can lead to horrific violence when left unchecked. They also prove how resilient people can be in the face of unimaginable, ongoing adversity.

## Timeline of anti-Jewish oppression in antiquity (Third Century BCE–First Century CE)

Year	Place	Incident
175–165 BCE	Judea, Land of Israel	Seleucid King Antiochus IV Epiphanes reverses his predecessors' policies of respect and tolerance of Jewish culture by launching harsh persecutions against the Jews. In response, the Jews, led by the Maccabees, rise in rebellion and defeat the Seleucids. The story is remembered in the holiday of Hanukkah. <sup>1</sup>
38 BCE	Alexandria, Egypt	In Alexandria, at the time a Greco-Roman city, Alexandrian Jews are subjected to mass violence. Jewish homes and shops are destroyed, synagogues burned, and many Jews tortured and murdered. <sup>2</sup>
19 BCE	Rome	Emperor Tiberius expels Jews from Rome and forcefully conscripts 4,000 Jewish men into the Roman legions. <sup>3</sup>
66–73 CE	Judea, Land of Israel	The great Jewish revolt against Roman occupation erupts in Judea and the rest of the land of Israel. Jerusalem is destroyed, the Second Temple is razed, tens of thousands of Jews perish, and many more are taken into Roman slavery. The revolt ends with the fall of Masada.
66 CE	Alexandria, Egypt	Corresponding with the outbreak of the great Jewish revolt in Judea, Alexandria's governor, Tiberius Julius Alexander, unleashes two Roman legions on the city's Jews, killing 50,000 of them. <sup>4</sup>
132–135 CE	Judea, Land of Israel	After the Roman governor of Judea plans to build a temple to Jupiter on the ruins of Jerusalem's Jewish Temple, another rebellion breaks out against the Roman occupation, led by Bar Kochba. An independent Jewish state is briefly established, but Roman legions crush the revolt in 135. Roman chronicler Cassius Dio claims nearly 600,000 Jews were killed, while many more died from hunger and disease. The destruction is so widespread and total that scholars refer to this as a genocide. <sup>5,6</sup>
136	Jerusalem, Judea	Roman Emperor Hadrian renames Jerusalem "Aelia Capitolina," builds a Roman monument over the Temple ruins, and bars Jews from entering the city. He also renames Judea "Syria-Palaestina" to erase the Jewish bond with the land. <sup>7</sup>





## Timeline of anti-Jewish oppression in Christian Europe (Second Century CE–Early 20th Century)

Year	Place	Incident
167	<b>Sardis, Anatolia</b> (present-day Turkey)	Bishop Melito of Sardis, an early Church Father, accuses the Jews of deicide, blaming them for the death of Jesus of Nazareth. <sup>8</sup>
175	<b>Hierapolis, Phrygia</b>	Bishop Apollinaris of Hierapolis authors a polemical work against the Jews. <sup>9</sup>
306	<b>Elvira (Granada), Spain</b>	The Synod of Elvira passes a series of canons forbidding marriage between Christians and Jews, sharing of meals between Christians and Jews, and blessing Christian-owned crops by Jews. <sup>10</sup>
315	<b>Byzantine Empire</b>	Emperor Constantine the Great, the first Christian ruler of Roman Byzantium, enacts a series of anti-Jewish laws. <sup>11</sup>
386	<b>Antioch</b>	John Chrysostom, an early Church Father, presents a series of sermons against Jews and Judaism. The sermons are called <i>Adversus Judaeos</i> (Against the Jews) in Latin, in which he blames Jews for the killing of Jesus. This is the beginning of <i>Adversus Judaeos</i> literature that continues until the 18th century. <sup>12</sup>
519	<b>Ravenna, Italy</b>	Local synagogues are burned down. <sup>13</sup>
610–620	<b>Spain</b>	Christian Visigothic King Sisebur outlaws Judaism. Those not baptized flee. <sup>14</sup>
629	<b>Byzantine Empire</b>	Emperor Heraclius marches his army into Jerusalem and massacres hundreds of Jews. <sup>15</sup>



Year	Place	Incident
681	Spain	The Twelfth Council of Toledo orders the burning of the Talmud. <sup>16</sup>
682	Spain	Christian Visigothic King Erwig begins his reign by enacting 28 anti-Jewish laws and calling for the “utter extirpation of the pest of the Jews.” <sup>17</sup>
722	Byzantine Empire	Emperor Leo III forcibly converts all Jews in the empire to Christianity. <sup>18</sup>
898–929	France	King Charles the Simple confiscates Jewish-owned property in Narbonne and donates it to the Church. <sup>19</sup>
1096	Germany	First Crusade: 5,000 Jews are massacred in the Rhineland, including 1,200 who commit suicide rather than convert to Christianity. <sup>20</sup>
1147	Europe	Second Crusade: Thousands of Jews, including women and babies, are butchered across Europe by Christian knights. <sup>21</sup>
1236	France	Christian Crusaders attack Jewish communities of Anjou and Poitou and attempt to baptize all the Jews. Some 3,000 Jews are slaughtered for refusing baptism.
1242	France	Twenty-four cartloads of handwritten Talmudic manuscripts are burned in Paris.
1290	England	All Jews are expelled.
1300s	Germany and Poland	Christian mobs massacre and destroy entire Jewish communities in Frankfurt, Speyer, Koblenz, Mainz, Cracow, Alsace, Bonn, and other cities across Europe after Jews are falsely blamed for causing the Black Plague by poisoning wells. <sup>22</sup>
1306	France	All Jews are expelled.
1349	Hungary	All Jews are expelled.
1391	Spain	Violence is incited by the archdeacon of Ecija, Ferrand Martinez, resulting in 50,000 Jews killed in Seville, Majorca, and Barcelona. <sup>23</sup>
1394	France	Second expulsion from France <sup>24</sup>
1400s	Europe	Jews are accused of murdering Christian children and baking <i>matzah</i> with their blood (the “blood libel”). <sup>25</sup>
1421	Austria	All Jews are expelled. <sup>26</sup>
1492	Spain	Spanish Inquisition: Catholic monarchs Ferdinand and Isabella order Spain’s Jews to convert to Christianity or leave the country. Punishment for noncompliance is summary execution.





Year	Place	Incident
1496	Portugal	Jews are expelled from Portugal. <sup>27</sup>
1500s	Mexico, Portugal, Peru, and Spain	The Spanish Inquisition persecutes <i>conversos</i> (Jewish converts to Catholicism), burning hundreds to death at the stake. <sup>28</sup>
1516	Venice, Italy	Jews are forced to live in Europe's first ghetto, established in Venice. <sup>29</sup>
1537	Germany	Martin Luther, founder of the Lutheran Church, has the Jews of Saxony, Germany, expelled. <sup>30</sup>
1543	Germany	Martin Luther issues a treatise, "On the Jews and Their Lies," in which he advocates getting rid of the Jews either by religious conversion or by expulsion. <sup>31</sup>
1546	Germany	Martin Luther's sermon, "Admonition against the Jews," contains accusations of ritual murder, black magic, and poisoning of wells. <sup>32</sup>
1553	Italy	The Talmud is burned. <sup>33</sup>
1555	Italy	Pope Paul IV issues a decree forcing Roman Jews into a ghetto. <sup>34</sup>
1572	Germany	Martin Luther's followers sack the Berlin synagogue, and the Jews are then banned from the entire country. <sup>35</sup>
1590	Mikulov (modern Czech Republic)	The Jewish ghetto is burned to the ground, and 15 Jews die while Christians watch or pillage.





Year	Place	Incident
1590	<b>Spain</b>	King Philip II of Spain orders the expulsion of Jews from Lombardy. His order is ignored by local authorities until 1597, when 72 Jewish families are forced into exile. <sup>36</sup>
1648–57	<b>Polish–Lithuanian Commonwealth</b>	An estimated 50,000–100,000 Jews are massacred when a rebellion by Cossacks, Tartars, and Ukrainians, led by Bohdan Khmelnytsky against Polish rulers, turns against the Jews. <sup>37</sup>
1727	<b>Russian Empire</b>	Catherine I expels all Jews from Ukraine and other Russian provinces. <sup>38</sup>
1742	<b>Russian Empire</b>	Elizabeth of Russia expels all Jews out of the Russian Empire.
1744	<b>Bohemia and Moravia</b>	All Jews are expelled. <sup>39</sup>
1744	<b>Austria</b>	Archduchess of Austria Maria Theresa orders, “[N]o Jew is to be tolerated in our inherited duchy of Bohemia.” <sup>40</sup>
1768	<b>Uman, Ukraine</b>	Several thousand Jews are massacred by the Haidamak troops of Ivan Gonta and Maksym Zalizniak. <sup>41</sup>
1881–84	<b>Russian Empire</b>	Pogroms in Russia kill scores of Jews, destroying much Jewish property. Mass migration of Jews to the United States, Palestine, and Western Europe begins. <sup>42</sup>
1891	<b>Russian Empire</b>	Twenty thousand Jews are expelled from Moscow, Russia. <sup>43</sup>
1893	<b>Austria</b>	Karl Lueger establishes the antisemitic Christian Social Party and becomes the mayor of Vienna in 1897. Adolf Hitler, who lives in Vienna from 1907 to 1913, is deeply influenced by Lueger’s antisemitism. <sup>44</sup>



Year	Place	Incident
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1894	France	
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		The Dreyfus Affair, in which French Jewish officer Alfred Dreyfus is falsely accused of treason, stirs up massive antisemitism in France. Theodor Herzl, a young Austrian Jewish journalist covering the trial, becomes convinced that a new form of antisemitism is emerging that threatens the existence of European Jewry. Herzl establishes the Zionist movement to liberate Jews from antisemitic discrimination and persecution. <sup>45</sup>
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1903	Russian Empire	
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		The Kishinev pogrom: 49 Jews are murdered. <sup>46</sup>
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1903	Russian Empire	
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		<i>The Protocols of the Elders of Zion</i> , an antisemitic, fabricated text purporting to describe a Jewish plan for global domination, is published in St. Petersburg, Russia. Hitler later incorporates the <i>Protocols</i> in his manifesto, <i>Mein Kampf</i> (My Struggle). After the Holocaust, historians label the <i>Protocols</i> a "warrant for genocide." <sup>47</sup>
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1917–21	Russia	
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		An estimated 70,000–250,000 Jews are massacred during the Russian Civil War, accused by both sides of either being communist revolutionaries by anti-communists, or counterrevolutionaries by communists. <sup>48</sup>
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1933	Germany	
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		Adolf Hitler and his National Socialist German Workers Party (Nazis) come to power in Germany. Among his first acts is to strip Jews of their civil rights. <sup>49</sup>
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1939–45	German-occupied Europe and North Africa	
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		Six million Jews are murdered across Europe in a premeditated, industrialized genocide, known as the Holocaust, that reaches North Africa and the Middle East. <sup>50</sup>
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## Timeline of anti-Jewish oppression in Islamic lands before the first Arab–Israeli war in 1948

Year	Place	Incident
627 CE	Medina, Arabia	Some 900 men of the Jewish Banu Qurayza tribe are beheaded in Medina's market by order of Muhammad. The tribe's women and children are given to the Muslim soldiers. <sup>51</sup>
628 CE	Khaybar, Arabia	Muhammad leads his army in an attack on the Jewish Banu Nadir tribe of Khaybar Oasis. The Jews surrender and pay tribute, becoming the basis of the <i>dhimma</i> laws. <sup>52</sup>
642 CE	Hejaz, Arabia	Caliph 'Umar expels all Jews from the Hejaz, ending centuries of Jewish presence in Arabia—a ban still enforced by Saudi Arabia. <sup>53</sup>
1010	Spain	Muslim Berbers invade southern Spain from North Africa, sack Cordoba, and massacre many of the city's inhabitants, particularly Jews. <sup>54</sup>
1012	Egypt	Al-Hakim of Egypt orders the Cairo Jewish Quarter destroyed and massacres its Jewish residents. <sup>55</sup>
1016	Kairouan, Tunisia	Muslim authorities give Jews a choice between conversion or expulsion. <sup>56</sup>
1033	Fez, Morocco	Six thousand Jews are massacred by Berber chief Tamim, who conquered Fez.
1066	Granada	Muslim mobs attack the royal palace, capture and crucify the Jewish vizier Yusuf ibn Naghrela (Rabbi Yehosef ben Shemuel ha-Levi ha-Nagid), and massacre an estimated 4,000 Jews. <sup>57</sup>
1090	Granada	After the invasion of Almoravids, many Jews are massacred <sup>58</sup>
1148	Cordoba	Al-Mohads invade from North Africa, giving Jews and Christians the choice between conversion to Islam, exile, or death.



<b>Year</b>	<b>Place</b>	<b>Incident</b>
1165	<b>Fez, Morocco</b>	The Almohad ruler gives all Jews a choice between conversion to Islam or death. The scholar Yehuda HaKohen ibn Shushan is burned alive for refusing. <sup>59</sup> The Rambam (Rabbi Moshe ben Maimon) flees. <sup>60</sup>
1168	<b>Yemen</b>	'Abd-al-Nabi ibn Mahdi gives Jews the choice between conversion to Islam or death. <sup>61</sup>
1205	<b>Spain</b>	Muslims expel Jews from villages and towns all around Spain. <sup>62</sup>
1301	<b>Bilbeis, Egypt</b>	Mamluk rulers incite anti-Jewish riots. All Jews are forced to convert to Islam. Many synagogues are confiscated and turned into mosques. <sup>63</sup>
1392	<b>Damascus</b>	Without evidence, Muslim leaders accuse Jews of setting fire to a mosque. In retribution, a Jew is burned alive, Jewish leaders are tortured, and a synagogue confiscated and converted into a mosque. <sup>64</sup>
1438	<b>Morocco</b>	Jews are required to live in walled <i>mellahs</i> (ghettos) throughout Morocco. <sup>65</sup>
1465	<b>Morocco</b>	Almost the entire Jewish community of Fez is slaughtered. <sup>66</sup>
1468	<b>Egypt</b>	Sultan Qa'it-Bey imposes a harsh tax on Cairo's Jews, severely impoverishing the Jewish community. <sup>67</sup>
1517	<b>Hebron</b>	Turkish troops attack the Jews of Hebron, killing many and plundering their property. <sup>68</sup>
1670	<b>Morocco</b>	When Sultan al Rashid conquers Marrakesh, he burns to death a prominent Jew and his family. He razes the synagogues, expels many Jews, and levies an onerous tax. <sup>69</sup>
1679–80	<b>Yemen</b>	The Mawza Exile: all Jews are banished from Yemen by decree of Al-Mahdi Ahmad, Imam of Yemen.
1785	<b>Libya</b>	Hundreds of Jews are massacred by Ali Burzi Pasha. <sup>70</sup>
1786	<b>Jedda</b>	All Jews are expelled. <sup>71</sup>
1790	<b>Morocco</b>	Sultan Yazid massacres and plunders the Jewish quarter of Tétouan. <sup>72</sup>
1805	<b>Algeria</b>	An estimated 500 Jews are killed in the "Black Sabbath Massacres." <sup>73</sup>
1828	<b>Baghdad</b>	Massacre of Jews of Baghdad <sup>74</sup>
1834	<b>Ramla, Lydda, Jaffa, Acre and Tiberias, Safed, Hebron, Land of Israel (Palestine)</b>	For one month, Arab Muslim mobs attack Jews throughout the Holy Land. Many Jews are killed, Jewish women are raped, and synagogues desecrated. <sup>75</sup>



Year	Place	Incident
1838	<b>Safed, Land of Israel (Palestine)</b>	Druze attack and plunder the Jewish Quarter. <sup>76</sup>
1839	<b>Meshed, Iran</b>	Anti-Jewish rioting destroys the town's synagogue, and Jews are forced to convert to Islam or face death. <sup>77</sup>
1840	<b>Damascus, Syria</b>	Thirteen Damascus Jews are arrested on trumped-up charges of murdering a French Christian priest and using his blood for ritual purposes. The arrested Jews are tortured, and a synagogue is burned down. <sup>78</sup>
1867	<b>Barfurush, Iran</b>	The city's Jews are massacred. <sup>79</sup>
1892	<b>Shiraz, Iran</b>	Several Jews are murdered. <sup>80</sup>
1897	<b>Shiraz, Iran</b>	Twenty Jews are murdered and three synagogues burned down. <sup>81</sup>
1910	<b>Shiraz, Iran</b>	Muslims attack the city's Jews, killing 12 and wounding 50. Six thousand Jews are robbed of all their possessions; the Jewish Quarter is completely destroyed. The Jews are accused of ritually killing a Muslim girl to take her blood. <sup>82</sup>
1912	<b>Fez, Morocco</b>	Amidst an uprising against French rule, rebellious Moroccan soldiers attack the Jewish Quarter, killing over 50 Jews and destroying or damaging hundreds of homes and shops. <sup>83</sup>
1929	<b>Hebron</b>	Palestinian Muslim mobs attack the ancient Jewish community of Hebron, killing 67, injuring 58. The surviving Jews are evacuated to Jerusalem. Jews return to Hebron only after the 1967 Six-Day War <sup>84</sup>
1934	<b>Constantine, Algeria</b>	Muslim rioters attack the Jewish Quarter, killing many Jews, including men, women, and children. <sup>85</sup>
1941	<b>Baghdad and Basra, Iraq</b>	On June 1–2, 1941, Arab Muslim mobs attack and massacre almost 200 Jews in Baghdad and Basra, wounding over 1,000. The attacks take place in the wake of a coup d'état by a pro-Nazi Arab nationalist faction. <sup>86</sup>



## Timeline of post-Holocaust anti-Jewish oppression globally (1945–Present)

Year	Place	Incident
1945	Kraków, Poland	In August, shortly after the end of World War II, Polish mobs—stirred up by rumors of Jewish ritual murder—attack the surviving Jews of Kraków. A Holocaust survivor is shot dead, and dozens more are wounded. One of the few remaining synagogues is burned down. <sup>87</sup>
1945	Alexandria, Egypt	Five Jews are murdered in anti-Jewish riots organized by the Egyptian Muslim Brotherhood. Another 300 Jews are injured. <sup>88</sup>
1945	Tripoli, Libya	Between November 5–7, the Jews of Tripoli are attacked by Muslim mobs. Some 140-plus Jews are murdered, hundreds more injured. Four thousand Jews are left homeless and reduced to poverty. Thousands of Jewish homes and businesses as well as nine synagogues are destroyed. <sup>89</sup>
1946	Kielce, Poland	After their liberation from concentration camps, some 200 Jews return to their homes in Kielce. On July 4, Polish soldiers, police officers, and civilians attack a gathering of Jewish refugees, murdering 42 Jews and wounding 40 others. <sup>90</sup>
1946	Kunmadaras, Hungary	Six Jewish Holocaust survivors are murdered in a pogrom after a disagreement in the market. Rumors circulate that the Jews were kidnapping Christian children. <sup>91</sup>
1947	Manama, Bahrain	A mob of Iranian and Arab sailors riot in the Manama market, loot Jewish homes and shops, destroy the synagogue, and kill one Jewish woman. <sup>92</sup>
1947	Aleppo, Syria	Seventy-five Jews are murdered and over 300 wounded by Syrian Muslim mobs that also burn down 10 synagogues, five schools, an orphanage, a youth club, scores of Jewish shops, and 150 houses <sup>93</sup>
1948	Jerada, Oujda, Morocco	Moroccan mobs attack local Jews, murdering 46 and wounding scores more. <sup>94</sup>
1948	Tripoli, Libya	Anti-Jewish riots again erupt, but this time the Jews mount a defense. In the end, 14 Jews and four Muslims are killed, and 280 Jewish homes are destroyed. <sup>95</sup>
1948	Cairo, Egypt	Bombs explode in Cairo's Jewish quarter, killing 70 Jews and wounding another 200. <sup>96</sup>
1949	Damascus, Syria	Three Syrian veterans of the 1948 Arab–Israeli war toss several hand grenades into the Menarsha Synagogue during prayer services, killing 12 Jews and injuring another 30. <sup>97</sup>

Year	Place	Incident
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1948–53	<b>Moscow, USSR</b>	Soviet dictator Joseph Stalin launches the anti-cosmopolitan campaign in which Jews are characterized as “rootless cosmopolitans.” The campaign results in several purges of Jewish intellectuals and politicians. These include:
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**The 1952 “Night of the Murdered Poets,”** in which Soviet secret police murder 13 of the most prominent Yiddish writers, poets, and other intellectuals.<sup>98</sup>

**The 1952 Slansky Show Trial** in Soviet-occupied Prague, Czechoslovakia, staged by Communist authorities. Fourteen high-ranking officials, 10 of whom are Jewish, are put on trial, and 11 are hanged.<sup>99</sup>

**The 1953 “Doctors’ Plot,”** in which Soviet authorities falsely accuse scores of Soviet Jews of plotting to murder high-ranking Soviet officials. The purge is to include a major show trial and execution of the alleged plotters. The campaign’s planned second phase is to round up the Soviet Jewish population for mass deportation to concentration camps. The genocide is averted only by Stalin’s death in 1953.<sup>100</sup>



1958	<b>Birmingham, Alabama</b>	Fifty-four sticks of dynamite are placed outside Temple Beth-El in an attempted bombing that fails due to heavy rain that wets the fuses. <sup>101</sup>
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1958	<b>Atlanta, Georgia</b>	The Hebrew Benevolent Congregation Temple is bombed by opponents of desegregation. No one is injured in the blast. <sup>102</sup>
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1960	<b>Gadsden, Alabama</b>	Congregation Beth Israel is attacked during Friday night services by a 16-year-old neo-Nazi who smashes the synagogue’s windows and tosses a firebomb. When two congregants run out to investigate, they are shot and wounded by the attacker. <sup>103</sup>
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1961	<b>Libya</b>	The Libyan government passes legislation requiring a special permit to prove Libyan citizenship. Almost all Libyan Jews are denied this permit. By 1967 the Libyan Jewish population decreases to only 7,000. <sup>104</sup>
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1964	<b>Cairo, Egypt</b>	Egyptian President Gamal Abdul Nasser tells a German newspaper, “[N]o person, not even the simplest one, takes seriously the lie of the six million Jews that were murdered [in the Holocaust].” <sup>105</sup>
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1967	<b>Jackson, Mississippi</b>	Congregation Beth Israel is bombed by the Ku Klux Klan. Later in the year, the KKK bombs the synagogue rabbi’s home while he and his family sleep. No one is injured. <sup>106</sup>
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Year	Place	Incident
1967	Libya	Following the 1967 Six-Day War, Libyan mobs attack Tripoli's Jews. The King of Libya decrees that the remaining Jews of Libya should leave the country. Italy organizes an airlift, taking some 6,000 Jews to Rome. The Jews are forced to leave behind all their property and possessions. <sup>107</sup>
1968–71	Poland	Communist authorities purge Jews from the party and launch a sustained campaign of antisemitism. Half of Poland's surviving post-Holocaust Jews flee. <sup>108</sup>
1968	Mobile, Alabama	Beth Israel Congregation is bombed by a member of the KKK, causing extensive damage but no injuries. <sup>109</sup>
1969	Los Angeles, California	The book <i>The Myth of the Six Million</i> , which explicitly denies the Holocaust, is published by the antisemitic Noontide Press. <sup>110</sup>
1969	Libya	After taking power in a coup d'état, Muammar al-Qaddafi's government confiscates all Jewish property, cancels debts owed to Jews, and prohibits emigration for Libya's remaining 100 Jews. <sup>111</sup>
1969	West Berlin, West Germany	On November 9, 1969, the anniversary of the "Kristallnacht" Nazi pogrom, 200 people gather at the Berlin Jewish Community Center to commemorate the tragedy. The German Marxist organization Tupamaros West-Berlin attempts to bomb the gathering. The bomb fails to explode. <sup>112</sup>
1974	Syria	Four Syrian Jewish girls attempt to flee Syria to Israel. They are caught, raped, murdered, and mutilated. Their bodies are discovered near Damascus with the bodies of two Jewish boys murdered in a previous massacre. <sup>113</sup> The Syrian government puts their bodies into sacks and dumps them in front of their families' homes. <sup>114</sup>
1974	United Kingdom	The Holocaust-denial book <i>Did Six Million Really Die? The Truth at Last</i> is published.
1976	United Kingdom	The Holocaust-denial book <i>The Hoax of the Twentieth Century</i> by Arthur Butz is published.
1977	United Kingdom	David Irving publishes a Holocaust-denial book, <i>Hitler's War</i> .
1978	California, United States	The so-called Institute for Historical Review is founded by longtime antisemite Willis Carto. The IHR is dedicated to propagating Holocaust denial. <sup>115</sup>
1978–79	Paris, France	Literature professor Robert Faurisson (University of Lyon) publishes two articles in <i>Le Monde</i> , claiming the Nazis did not use gas chambers in the death camps and <i>The Diary of Anne Frank</i> was a fraud. <sup>116</sup>

<b>Year</b>	<b>Place</b>	<b>Incident</b>
<b>1980</b>	<b>Antwerp, Belgium</b>	A Palestinian terrorist throws hand grenades at a group of 40 Jewish children waiting for a bus outside a Jewish cultural center. One boy is murdered, and 20 others, ages 8–27, are wounded. <sup>117</sup>
<b>1980</b>	<b>Paris, France</b>	Palestinian terrorists bomb the rue de Copernic synagogue during Friday night Shabbat services, killing four and wounding 46. <sup>118</sup>
<b>1980</b>	<b>California, United States</b>	The Institute for Historical Review offers a \$50,000 award to anyone who can “prove” Jews were gassed at Auschwitz. A Jewish Holocaust survivor sues the IHR and wins. <sup>119</sup>
<b>1981</b>	<b>Vienna, Austria</b>	Two Palestinian terrorists, using guns and grenades, attack a Vienna synagogue during a bar mitzvah. Two people are killed and 18 wounded. <sup>120</sup> In another incident, a Palestinian terrorist shoots dead Heinz Nittel, a prominent member of the Jewish community. <sup>121</sup>
<b>1982</b>	<b>Rome, Italy</b>	Palestinian terrorists attack the Great Synagogue of Rome, killing a two-year-old toddler and wounding 37 others. <sup>122</sup>
<b>1982</b>	<b>Brussels, Belgium</b>	Palestinian terrorists, armed with machine guns, attack the Great Synagogue of Europe, seriously wounding four people. <sup>123</sup>
<b>1984</b>	<b>Denver, Colorado</b>	Alan Berg, a Jewish radio talk show host, is murdered by the white supremacist group “The Order.” <sup>124</sup>
<b>1985</b>	<b>Copenhagen, Denmark</b>	Palestinian terrorists bomb the Great Synagogue, which also houses a nursing home and kindergarten. One person is killed and 26 injured. <sup>125</sup>
<b>1988</b>	<b>Miami, Florida</b>	The Bet Shira synagogue is attacked by teenagers who smash 30 windows and plaster the building’s façade with a swastika and antisemitic graffiti. <sup>126</sup>





<b>Year</b>	<b>Place</b>	<b>Incident</b>
<b>1990</b>	<b>Miami, Florida</b>	In five incidents, teenagers shoot out the windows of the Bet Shira synagogue. <sup>127</sup>
<b>1992</b>	<b>Chicago, Illinois</b>	The Nation of Islam publishes the book <i>The Secret Relationship Between Blacks and Jews</i> , which falsely claims that Jews dominated the transatlantic slave trade. <sup>128</sup>
<b>1994</b>	<b>New York, New York</b>	A Lebanese-born immigrant, Rashid Baz, opens fire on the Brooklyn Bridge at a van carrying Jewish children, killing one and wounding three others. Earlier in the day, Baz attended an antisemitic sermon by Imam Reda Shata at the Islamic Society of Bay Ridge. <sup>129</sup>
<b>1994</b>	<b>Buenos Aires, Argentina</b>	Terrorists sent by Iranian proxy Hezbollah launch a suicide truck bomb at the AMIA Jewish Community Center. <sup>130</sup> Eighty-five people are massacred and hundreds more wounded. <sup>131</sup>
<b>1999</b>	<b>Tehran, Iran</b>	Thirteen Iranian Jews are arrested for allegedly spying for Israel. The accused include a 16-year-old boy. All are freed after intense international pressure. <sup>132</sup>
<b>2000</b>	<b>Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania</b>	April 28: Richard Baumhammers fatally shoots a Jewish woman living next door. He then drives to Beth El Congregation, where he fires at the building's windows and paints swastikas on the façade. He next shoots and kills three people of color, then opens fire on another nearby synagogue. <sup>133</sup>
<b>2000</b>	<b>Syracuse, New York</b>	October 13: Two Palestinian-Americans set fire to Temple Beth El, seriously damaging the building. <sup>134</sup>
<b>2002</b>	<b>France</b>	In the week leading up to the Passover holiday, five synagogues throughout France (in Lyon, Marseille, Strasbourg, and Paris) are attacked. One synagogue is burned to the ground, while the others suffer serious damage. <sup>135</sup>
<b>2002</b>	<b>Djerba, Tunisia</b>	A truck bomb explodes in front of the ancient El Ghriba Synagogue, killing 14 tourists, three Tunisians, and two French nationals. More than 30 others are wounded. <sup>136</sup>
<b>2003</b>	<b>Istanbul, Turkey</b>	Al Qaeda terrorists, using truck bombs, simultaneously attack the Neve Shalom and Beth Israel synagogues, killing 22 and wounding 300. <sup>137</sup>
<b>2004</b>	<b>Libya</b>	The last remaining Jews flee. No Jews remain in Libya. <sup>138</sup>
<b>2005</b>	<b>Tehran, Iran and Cairo, Egypt</b>	After Iranian President Mahmoud Ahmadinejad claims the Holocaust is a "lie," the leader of Egypt's Muslim Brotherhood defends him and also declares the Holocaust is "myth." <sup>139</sup>

Year	Place	Incident
2005	<b>Moscow, Russia</b>	Fifteen members of the Russian parliament call for banning Judaism from Russia. <sup>140</sup> Soon after, 500 prominent Russians demand an investigation on “anti-Russian” Jewish texts. The state prosecutor opens the investigation. After international protest, the investigation is closed.
2006	<b>Moscow, Russia</b>	A Russian ultranationalist bursts into the Bolshaya Bronnaya Synagogue during services and stabs nine people, seriously wounding two. <sup>141</sup>
2006	<b>Tehran, Iran</b>	Iranian President Mahmoud Ahmadinejad organizes a conference of Holocaust deniers called the “International Conference to Review the Global Vision of the Holocaust.” <sup>142</sup> Also in 2006 the major Iranian newspaper <i>Hamshahri</i> sponsors an “International Holocaust Cartoon Competition,” highlighting cartoons denying the Holocaust. <sup>143</sup>
2006	<b>Paris, France</b>	Ilán Halimi, a French Jew, is kidnapped and tortured for 23 days until he dies. A Muslim gang calling itself “The Barbarians” is caught by the police. Twenty-six of the 27 suspects are later convicted. <sup>144</sup>
2006	<b>Seattle, Washington</b>	The Jewish Federation is attacked by a lone gunman inspired by radical Islamist ideology. He shoots six women, one fatally. One of the wounded women is pregnant. <sup>145</sup>
2007	<b>San Francisco, California</b>	Holocaust survivor and author Elie Wiesel is attacked in a San Francisco hotel by a Holocaust denier. <sup>146</sup>
2008	<b>Cambridge, Massachusetts</b>	Harvard University’s student newspaper, <i>The Harvard Crimson</i> , runs a Holocaust-denial ad bought by professional Holocaust denier Bradley R. Smith. The newspaper later apologizes. <sup>147</sup>
2008	<b>Mumbai, India</b>	Ten members of the Islamist Lashkar-e-Taiba terror group carry out a series of terrorist attacks throughout Mumbai. <sup>148</sup> One target is the Chabad Jewish Center in the Nariman House. The terrorists immediately kill several people in the Chabad building and hold up to eight others hostage. During the four-day standoff, other hostages are killed and tortured. Indian special forces attempt to free the remaining hostages to no avail, as all the hostages were already killed. The only survivors are the rabbi’s two-year-old son and his Indian nanny, who escapes with the toddler. <sup>149</sup>
2009	<b>Gaza</b>	The Hamas terror group that rules the Gaza Strip criticizes the UN for teaching Holocaust education in UN schools, calling the Holocaust “a lie invented by the Zionists” and claiming that Holocaust education is a “war crime.” <sup>150</sup>



Year	Place	Incident
2009	<b>Washington, D.C.</b>	A neo-Nazi gunman attacks the United States Holocaust Memorial Museum, killing a security guard. <sup>151</sup>
2010	<b>Malmö, Sweden</b>	The Malmö Synagogue is attacked with explosives, resulting in no injuries. <sup>152</sup>
2011	<b>Montreal, Canada</b>	Five synagogues and a Jewish school are vandalized in a single night. <sup>153</sup>
2012	<b>Toulouse, France</b>	An Algerian Muslim “lone wolf” terrorist shoots and kills a rabbi and three children outside a Jewish school. <sup>154</sup>
2012	<b>Malmö, Sweden</b>	The Malmö Synagogue is again attacked with explosives, again resulting in no injuries. <sup>155</sup>
2013	<b>Tehran, Iran</b>	In a New Year’s address, Iran’s Supreme Leader Ayatollah Ali Khamenei declares, “The Holocaust is an event whose reality is uncertain, and if it has happened, it’s uncertain how it has happened.” <sup>156</sup>
2014	<b>Germany</b>	A wave of antisemitic rallies occur in Germany during the Hamas–Israel conflict in Gaza that summer. In Dortmund and Frankfurt, anti-Israel protesters chant, “Hamas Hamas Juden <i>ins gas!</i> ” (“Hamas Hamas Jews to the gas!”) In Berlin crowds chant, “Jude, Jude <i>feiges schwein! Komm heraus und kämpf allein!</i> ” (“Jew, Jew, cowardly swine, come out and fight on your own!”) A mob in Essen chants, “ <i>Scheiss Juden!</i> ” (“Jewish shit.”) <sup>157</sup>
2014	<b>Overland Park, Kansas</b>	A KKK member shoots and kills three people outside the Jewish Community Center that includes a retirement home. All the victims are non-Jews, including a 14-year-old boy and his grandfather. <sup>158</sup>
2014	<b>Sarcelles, France</b>	During antisemitic riots, mobs shout, “Death to the Jews,” and attack synagogues and Jewish-owned businesses. <sup>159</sup>
2015	<b>Paris, France</b>	Four people are murdered at the Hypercacher kosher supermarket in Paris by an Islamist extremist linked to the Kouachi brothers, who perpetrated the Charlie Hebdo massacre two days earlier. <sup>160</sup>
2015	<b>Tehran, Iran</b>	The House of Cartoon and the Sarcheshmeh Cultural Complex organize another International Holocaust Cartoon Competition, inviting artists around the world to submit cartoons promoting Holocaust denial. The Iranian government cosponsors the contest. Over 150 cartoons are submitted and displayed in May 2016. <sup>161</sup> In Belgium, a high school teacher is awarded a prize in the contest, and he is feted by colleagues at his school. <sup>162</sup>

Year	Place	Incident
2015	<b>Chicago, Illinois</b>	Nation of Islam leader Louis Farrakhan accuses Jews of being behind the September 11, 2001, attacks. He says, "It is now becoming apparent that there were many Israelis and Zionist Jews in key roles in the 9/11 attacks." <sup>163</sup>
2016	<b>Washington, D.C.</b>	Neo-Nazi Richard Spencer leads a gathering at which he leads the chant, "Hail Trump, hail our people, hail victory!" to which his supporters chant, "Heil Hitler!" while giving the Nazi salute. <sup>164</sup>
2017	<b>Gothenburg and Malmö, Sweden</b>	Synagogues are targeted after U.S. President Donald Trump announces U.S. recognition of Jerusalem as Israel's capital. Molotov cocktails are thrown at the Gothenburg synagogue, and, at an antisemitic demonstration in front of the Malmö synagogue, the crowd chants, "An intifada has been proclaimed from Malmö, and we will shoot the Jews."
2017	<b>Paris, France</b>	Sarah Halimi, a 66-year-old Jewish woman, is murdered in an antisemitic attack by her neighbor. The assailant beats Halimi while calling her a demon and shouting about Allah before throwing her body from the window of her third-story apartment. <sup>165</sup>
2017	<b>Chicago, Illinois</b>	Organizers of the Chicago Dyke March evict a group of Jewish women carrying Jewish pride flags. <sup>166</sup>
2017	<b>Lakewood, New Jersey</b>	Antisemitic fliers are distributed around town. <sup>167</sup> In a second incident, an antisemitic banner is planted in front of a Holocaust memorial.
2017	<b>Charlottesville, Virginia</b>	A "Unite the Right" rally is held to protest the planned removal of Confederate statues. The evening before the rally, hundreds of neo-Nazis, KKK members, and alt-right supporters march in a torchlight parade, chanting, "Jews will not replace us!" and other racist slogans. The day after the rally, a neo-Nazi drives his car into a crowd of anti-racist protesters, killing Heather Heyer and injuring 19 others. <sup>168</sup>
2017	<b>Boston, Massachusetts</b>	The New England Holocaust Memorial is vandalized twice in the same year. <sup>169</sup>
2017	<b>Rome, Georgia</b>	Rep. Marjorie Taylor Greene, in a YouTube video, links several wealthy Jews to funding "global evil."

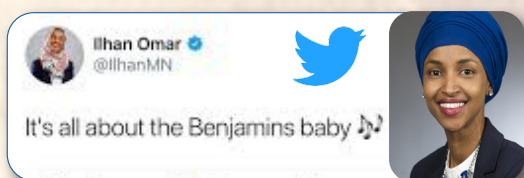


 **YouTube** Nov. 26, 2017

*"Saudi Arabia, the Rothschilds and Soros he (Q) says are the puppet masters that fund this global evil. Okay, so, I definitely would believe that."*

MARJORIE TAYLOR GREENE  
Congresswoman (GA-14)





***"Looking back in history, unfortunately, Hitler was right."***

STEVE WEST  
Iowa Congressional  
Primary Winner



Year	Place	Incident
2018	Paris, France	Mireille Knoll, an 85-year-old Holocaust survivor, is stabbed to death and burned in her Paris apartment. She survived Nazi antisemitism but is murdered by Islamist antisemitism. Authorities acknowledge the murder as an antisemitic hate crime. <sup>170</sup>
2018	Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania	Eleven Jews are murdered by a white supremacist gunman at the Tree of Life—Or L'Simcha synagogue. <sup>171</sup>
2018	Strasbourg, France	Tombstones at a Jewish cemetery are defaced with antisemitic graffiti. <sup>172</sup>
2018	Berlin, Germany	Adam Armoush, an Israeli Arab living in Berlin, tries to win a bet with his Israeli Jewish friends that he can walk safely in Berlin while wearing a <i>kippah</i> (Jewish skullcap). He and a Moroccan friend (also donning a kippah) are then accosted and assaulted by a Palestinian Syrian refugee who yells, "Yahudi" ("Jew" in Arabic). <sup>173</sup>
2018	Stanford, California	A Stanford University resident assistant, Hamzeh Daoud, posts on his Facebook page his intent to "physically fight Zionists on campus." <sup>174</sup>
2018	Clay County, Missouri	Steve West, who told a radio talk show host, "Looking back in history, unfortunately, Hitler was right," wins the Republican primary for a county seat by 25 percent. <sup>175</sup>
2019	Paris, France	An Israeli student in Paris is beaten unconscious on the Métro after he is heard speaking Hebrew on his phone. <sup>176</sup>
2019	Washington, D.C.	Democratic Congresswoman Ilhan Omar tweets that support for Israel in the United States is "all about the Benjamins," referring to Benjamin Franklin, whose portrait appears on \$100 bills. <sup>177</sup>
2019	Brooklyn, New York	Throughout the year, Orthodox Jews are physically and randomly assaulted as they walk down the street going about their business. <sup>178</sup>
2019	Poway, California	A gunman bursts into the Chabad Center of Poway and shoots multiple people. Lori Gilbert-Kaye is killed, and three others are wounded. <sup>179</sup>

Year	Place	Incident
2019	<b>Halle, Germany</b>	A gunman attacks a synagogue on Yom Kippur but fails to enter the building. He turns his weapon randomly on two non-Jewish passersby, killing them. <sup>180</sup>
2019	<b>Jersey City, New Jersey</b>	Two shooters enter a kosher grocery store and kill three shoppers. The attackers are shot dead by police, but in the shootout, two officers and a civilian are wounded. A third police officer, killed before the grocery attack, is found shot to death in a nearby cemetery. <sup>181</sup>
2019	<b>Monsey, New York</b>	A man enters a private Hanukkah party at a rabbi's home, stabs one person to death, and wounds four others. <sup>182</sup>
2020	<b>Paris, France</b>	At an anti-racism rally in support of Black Lives Matter, some protesters chant, "dirty Jews," at a banner hung by a far-right group. <sup>183</sup>
2020	<b>Graz, Austria</b>	A Syrian refugee in the city of Graz attacks the leader of the tiny Jewish community with a heavy wooden club. A week before this attack, the Graz synagogue is vandalized with anti-Israel slogans. <sup>184</sup>
2020	<b>Berlin, Germany</b>	A rally protesting masks during the COVID-19 pandemic is organized by far-rightists, including neo-Nazis, and draws a crowd of 20,000. Antisemitic slogans are displayed, including references to <i>The Protocols of the Elders of Zion</i> . The protesters then storm the Bundestag, the parliament building.
2020	<b>Biafra, Nigeria</b>	Six Igbo Jewish synagogues are razed by Nigerian soldiers during a siege of protesters. Some 50 people are killed in the standoff. <sup>185</sup>
2020	<b>Aksay, Russia</b>	A Holocaust memorial is vandalized. <sup>186</sup>
2020	<b>Newark, Delaware</b>	An arsonist sets the Chabad House at the University of Delaware on fire. <sup>187</sup>
2020	<b>London, United Kingdom</b>	Robert Jenrick, the UK's secretary of state for housing, receives death threats against him and his family after he voices support for the building of a Holocaust memorial near the British Parliament in London. <sup>188</sup>





**May 2021**

## *Eleven Days of Conflict*

**A**FTER WEEKS OF TENSIONS AND MAJOR CLASHES in eastern Jerusalem between Israeli security forces and Palestinian protesters, Hamas, the Islamist terror group ruling the Gaza Strip, fired a barrage of missiles at Jerusalem and central Israel on May 10. Some of these missiles hit homes and schools. This touched off 11 days of conflict between Israel and Hamas, during which Hamas and Islamic Jihad fired over 4,000 missiles into Israeli towns and cities. In Europe, the U.S., Canada, and elsewhere, anti-Israel protests erupted, often turning violent. The protests were accompanied by a wave of antisemitic attacks on Jews of all ages that continued for weeks after a ceasefire ended the fighting between Hamas and Israel on May 21.

A poll of American Jews taken by the Anti-Defamation League (ADL) showed that some 60 percent of American Jews personally experienced antisemitism because of the Hamas-Israel conflict.<sup>189</sup> The ADL also documented a doubling of the number of antisemitic incidents in May 2021 over May 2020.<sup>190</sup>

The following is a sampling of these incidents:

Date	Place	Incident
MAY 10–22	Social Media	Seventeen thousand posts on the theme “Hitler was right” are documented by the ADL. <sup>191</sup>
MAY 11	United Kingdom	At an anti-Israel rally in London, violence breaks out as protesters chant, “Fucking Jews.”
MAY 12	Germany	German police detain more than a dozen suspects in three cities for stoning a synagogue, burning Israeli flags, and vandalizing a memorial to a synagogue destroyed during Kristallnacht. <sup>192</sup> A synagogue window is smashed in Mannheim.
MAY 13	Germany	Two hundred anti-Israel protesters, waving Palestinian flags, march on a synagogue in Gelsenkirchen but are blocked by police.
MAY 14	Austria	Anti-Israel protesters chant about the seventh-century massacre of Jews by an army of Muhammad.
	Canada	Without evidence, a Palestinian journalist claims that payments from Canadian Jewish groups to media outlets are buying a pro-Israel slant of Canadian reporting on the Middle East conflict.
	United Kingdom	A swastika and the words “Free Palestine” are painted on a synagogue in Norwich. <sup>193</sup>



Date	Place	Incident
MAY 15	<b>Turin, Italy</b>	A protester holds a sign reading, “One Holocaust Doesn’t Justify Another.” <sup>194</sup>
	<b>Berlin, Germany</b>	Protesters chant, “Khaybar, Khaybar, Oh Jews, Muhammad’s Army is Returning” (an allusion to a seventh-century massacre of Jews in Khaybar, Arabia). Placards with the message, “Yesterday Auschwitz, today Palestine,” are also seen. An Israeli journalist covering the rally is assaulted after he is heard speaking Hebrew. At a rally in front of a Gelsenkirchen synagogue, “Shit Jews” is shouted. Fierce street battles erupt between police and protesters. <sup>195</sup>
	<b>Frankfurt, Germany</b>	A pro-Palestinian mob marches on a synagogue but is stopped by the police. <sup>196</sup>
MAY 16	<b>Brussels, Belgium</b>	Protesters shout, “Khaybar, Khaybar, Oh Jews, Muhammad’s Army is Returning.” <sup>197</sup>
	<b>London, United Kingdom</b>	A convoy of cars, draped in Palestinian flags, drives through a predominantly Jewish neighborhood. Passengers are heard shouting, “Fuck the Jews! Fuck their mothers! Rape their daughters!” <sup>198</sup>
	<b>Skokie, Illinois</b>	Vandals smash a synagogue window and leave pro-Palestinian signs in front of the building. <sup>199</sup>
	<b>Canada</b>	Several Jews are physically attacked at a pro-Israel rally in Montreal.
	<b>The Netherlands</b>	In Edmonton, occupants of a car are seen seeking Jews, confronting people, and making threats. <sup>200</sup>
MAY 17	<b>Pakistan</b>	A window is broken at a Jewish cemetery in Rotterdam, and antisemitic graffiti is daubed on a window of a Jewish restaurant in Amsterdam. <sup>201</sup>
	<b>Canada</b>	After it is revealed that a CNN freelancer posted antisemitic comments praising Hitler on social media, he writes, “The only reason I am supporting Germany in the finals is—Hitler was a German and he did good with those jews [sic]!” <sup>202</sup>
MAY 18	<b>Canada</b>	Jews are assaulted during a pro-Israel rally in Toronto. Two men are arrested for “hurling anti-Jewish insults” at passersby.
	<b>Houston, Texas</b>	A sign at an anti-Israel rally reads, “Zionist media lies.” <sup>203</sup>



Date	Place	Incident
<b>Los Angeles, California</b>	Jewish patrons at an outdoor restaurant are assaulted by a mob of pro-Palestinians shouting antisemitic insults. <sup>204</sup>	
<b>Bahía Blanca, Argentina</b>	Graffiti is sprayed on a synagogue, reading, “We are going to kill them” and “Jewish rats.” <sup>205</sup>	
<b>Santiago, Chile</b>	Santiago’s Jewish Community Center is targeted by pro-Hamas protesters. An anti-Israel caravan passes in front of the center, a rock is thrown breaking a window, and an electronic billboard is also erected in front of the building. <sup>206</sup>	
<b>Bal Harbour, Florida</b>	A group of young men in their twenties harasses a Jewish family walking home from synagogue, screaming at them, “Free Palestine!” “Fuck the Jews!” and “Die Jews!” They also threaten to rape the mother and daughter. <sup>207</sup>	
<b>MAY 19</b>	<b>Turkey</b>	Turkish President Erdogan describes Israelis as “murderers” who “kill children who are five or six years old. They only are satisfied by sucking their blood.” <sup>208</sup>
	<b>China</b>	Chinese state media speculates about Jewish money and control of United States foreign policy.
<b>MAY 20</b>	<b>Sweden</b>	Antisemitic hate explodes on Swedish social media once fighting between Hamas and Israel begins. <sup>209</sup>
	<b>New York City</b>	Anti-Israel protesters beat a Jewish man in Times Square. <sup>210</sup> Anti-Israel protesters go through the predominantly Jewish Diamond District, throwing fireworks at random people, injuring one. <sup>211</sup>
<b>MAY 21</b>	<b>Pakistan</b>	In a CNN interview, Pakistan’s foreign minister says that Jews control the media. <sup>212</sup>
	<b>Hallandale Beach, Florida</b>	A rabbi outside his synagogue is accosted by a man who yells, “Jews should die.” The assailant also leaves a bag of human feces outside the building. <sup>213</sup>

#### MAY 21: CEASEFIRE AGREEMENT

<b>MAY 22</b>	<b>New York City</b>	A Jewish man wearing a Star of David necklace is punched. His assailant asks, “What is that around your neck, does that make you a fucking Zionist?” <sup>214</sup>
	<b>Borough Park, New York</b>	Three men drive around the predominantly Jewish neighborhood, yelling, “Free Palestine!” and stopping to kick the doors of a synagogue. <sup>215</sup>
	<b>Berlin, Germany</b>	A Jewish man is assaulted by three attackers. <sup>216</sup>

Date	Place	Incident
MAY 23	London, United Kingdom	A sign at an anti-Israel demonstration showing the crucifixion of Jesus reads, "Do not let them do the same thing today again." <sup>217</sup>
	Redondo Beach, California	A harassing letter is sent to a synagogue that reads: "Die fucking jew [s/c] cockroaches! Israel = racism, apartheid, genocide." <sup>218</sup>
MAY 24	London, United Kingdom	Protesters walk through London's streets, shouting, "We'll find some Jews there" and "We want the Zionists. We want their blood." A police officer is filmed ignoring the mob. <sup>219</sup>
	New York City	A Jewish man outside a synagogue is physically assaulted after being accosted with the words, "Fucking Jews." <sup>220</sup> A brick is thrown through the window of a kosher restaurant in Manhattan.
MAY 25	Belgium	A soccer player joins fans who chant that they'd "rather die than be a Jew."
	Berlin, Germany	A group of men are seen and heard chanting antisemitic slogans. <sup>221</sup>
MAY 26	Berlin, Germany	A Jewish man wearing a kippa is punched in the face.
	Spain	White supremacist and anti-Israel symbols are painted on a Jewish cemetery gate. <sup>222</sup>
	South Africa	A senior ANC official asserts Israel seeks to conquer the African continent. He also rebukes South African Jews who serve in the IDF. <sup>223</sup>
	Florida	At the Tampa Jewish Community Center, the words "Free Palestine" are graffitied in a bathroom stall.
MAY 27	Austria	Antisemitic slurs are hurled at a kippah-wearing Jewish man at a "Free Palestine" protest. <sup>224</sup>
	Canada	A wave of antisemitic attacks are sparked by Israel-Gaza fighting. <sup>225</sup>
MAY 28	London, United Kingdom	Two men in an elevator harass a Jewish neonatal nurse wearing a Star of David necklace, demanding to know if she "supports a free Palestine" and asking her, "How can someone who kills children work here?" <sup>226</sup>
	London, United Kingdom	Outside a shopping center, a man yells, "Fucking Jews, fuck you! Free Palestine!" <sup>227</sup>

**As of this printing in June 2021,  
the antisemitic attacks continue.**





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### ENDNOTES

To read the endnotes, please visit [www.standwithus.com/booklets-footnotes](http://www.standwithus.com/booklets-footnotes).

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### ONLINE RESOURCES

- Canadian Institute for the Study of Antisemitism (CISA), [www.jewishwinnipeg.org/directory/canadian-institute-for-the-study-of-antisemitism](http://www.jewishwinnipeg.org/directory/canadian-institute-for-the-study-of-antisemitism)
- Holocaust Encyclopedia, United States Holocaust Memorial Museum, Washington, D.C., [encyclopedia.ushmm.org](http://encyclopedia.ushmm.org)
- Institute for the Study of Contemporary Antisemitism at Indiana University (ISCA), Indiana University, Bloomington Indiana, [isca.indiana.edu](http://isca.indiana.edu)
- International Institute for Education and Research on Antisemitism (IIBSA), Berlin, Germany, [iibsa.org](http://iibsa.org)
- Journal of Contemporary Antisemitism, Academic Studies Press, [www.academicstudiespress.com/journals/jca](http://www.academicstudiespress.com/journals/jca)
- Kantor Center for the Study of Contemporary European Jewry, Tel Aviv University, Tel Aviv, Israel, [en-humanities.tau.ac.il/kantor](http://en-humanities.tau.ac.il/kantor)
- Vidal Sassoon International Center for the Study of Anti-Semitism (SICSA), Hebrew University, Jerusalem, Israel, [sicsa.huji.ac.il](http://sicsa.huji.ac.il)
- Yad Vashem, The World Holocaust Remembrance Center, Jerusalem, Israel, [www.yadvashem.org](http://www.yadvashem.org)

**For more in-depth reading on this complex subject, the StandWithUs Center for Combating Antisemitism** has published dozens of booklets, including a four-part introduction to antisemitism in all its permutations:



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